[Company name]

How to use this document: delete this paragraph before saving, sharing, or circulating it. Every part shown in blue is yours to replace: type your own details over each blue [field] until no blue remains. Then select all (Ctrl+A) and set the font colour to the same dark colour throughout. What is left is your finished document.

Data Breach Response Checklist

Work through the phases in order: detect, contain, assess, notify, recover, and review.

1. Incident record: Incident reference number: _____ **Date and time the breach was discovered:** _____

Person who discovered the breach: _____ **How the breach was discovered:** _____

Incident lead: _____ **Date this checklist was opened:** _____ **2. Response team:**

Role on the response team	Name of the person in this role	Contact details for this person
Incident lead	[Full name of the incident lead]	[Contact details for the incident lead]
Technical investigator	[Full name of the technical investigator]	[Contact details for the technical investigator]
Legal adviser	[Full name of the legal adviser]	[Contact details for the legal adviser]
Communications lead	[Full name of the communications lead]	[Contact details for the communications lead]
Senior manager notified	[Full name of the senior manager notified]	[Contact details for the senior manager notified]

Phase 1. Detect and report: [ ] The suspected breach has been reported to the incident lead immediately, and the time of that report is recorded in section 1.

[ ] No one has deleted, altered, or overwritten anything that might be evidence, including logs, emails, and affected devices.

[ ] Access to affected systems has been noted but not casually changed until the technical investigator advises, so evidence is not lost.

[ ] A single incident record has been opened, and all later notes, decisions, and messages are filed against it.

Phase 2. Contain: [ ] Affected systems or accounts have been isolated or disabled as far as needed to stop further exposure, without destroying evidence.

[ ] Compromised credentials have been revoked or reset, and any sessions still open under them have been ended.

[ ] Network access used by the breach has been blocked where it has been identified, and the block is recorded with its date and time.

[ ] Backups have been checked to confirm they are intact and have not been affected by the same breach.

[ ] Short-term containment is recorded separately from any longer-term fix, so the incident record shows what stopped the harm and what fixed the cause.

Phase 3. Assess the scope and the data affected: [ ] The systems, accounts, and data stores involved have been listed, including any that were only possibly involved.

[ ] The types of personal data involved have been identified, and whether sensitive categories of personal data are included.

[ ] The number of people affected has been estimated, with the basis for the estimate recorded, and marked as estimated until it is confirmed.

[ ] The period during which data was exposed has been established as far as the evidence allows.

[ ] Whether data was only viewed, or was also copied, altered, or deleted, has been recorded for each affected system.

Phase 4. Notify: [ ] Senior management has been briefed with the confirmed facts, the unknowns, and the next decision needed.

[ ] Legal advice has been taken on whether the applicable data protection regulator must be notified, and by what deadline.

[ ] Where regulator notification is required, it has been made within the deadline, and the reference number is recorded here: [Reference number for the regulator notification].

[ ] A decision on notifying affected people has been recorded, with the reasons, even where the decision is not to notify.

[ ] Where affected people are notified, the notice states what happened, what data was involved, what has been done, and what they should do.

[ ] Insurers and any affected outside providers have been notified where the policy or contract requires it.

Phase 5. Eradicate and recover: [ ] The cause of the breach has been removed, including any unauthorised access route, malicious software, or misconfiguration that enabled it.

[ ] Affected systems have been rebuilt or restored from clean backups, and the restored data has been checked before return to use.

[ ] Passwords and access keys that may have been exposed have been changed, and affected users have been required to reset theirs.

[ ] Additional monitoring has been put in place on affected systems for a defined period after recovery.

[ ] Return to normal service has been approved by the incident lead, and the date and time of that approval are recorded.

Phase 6. Review and learn: [ ] A post-incident review has been held with everyone on the response team, covering what worked, what failed, and what was unclear.

[ ] The root cause, the timeline, and the effectiveness of each phase are written up in the final incident report.

[ ] Every lesson from the review has an owner and a completion date, and open lessons are tracked until closed.

[ ] This checklist, and any related plan it follows, has been updated to reflect what was learned.

[ ] The completed incident record, including notification decisions and evidence, has been filed and retained under the organisation's retention rules.

Sign-off [Summary of the outcome of this incident, including whether notification was made and whether recovery is complete.]

Incident lead name: _____ **Reviewer name:** _____

Incident lead signature: _____ **Reviewer signature:** _____

Date of sign-off: _____